2011

PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

Paper: 1.4

Full Marks: 80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- (A) Fill in the gaps with appropriate words:
 1×5=5
 (i) Fayol classified all industrial activities into _____ groups
 (ii) Negative Motivation is based on _____
 - (iii) MBO is the philosophy of decentralisation and management.
 - (iv) A line manager is vested with _____ authority.

Contd.

- (v) Budgetary control is a system of controlling _____
- (B) Find out the correct answer: 1×3=1
 - (a) An organisation involves:
 - (i) concentration of work
 - (ii) division of work
 - (iii) distribution of work.
 - (b) Delegation creates:
 - (i) new work
 - (ii) obligation
- (iii) new levels of management.
 - (c) The technique of decision making was developed by
 - (i) Hengry Fayol
 - (ii) Eric W. Vetter
 - (iii) William J. J. Gordon.

- (C) State whether true or false:
- $1 \times 2 = 2$
- (i) Fayol is considered as the father of modern management theory.
- (ii) Authority can not be delegated.
- Explain in brief: (any five)

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (a) Management by Exception
- (b) Levels of Management
- (c) The Delphi Technique
- (d) Unity of Command
- (e) Scalar Chain stone bas prostant?
- (f) Zero-Base Budgeting
- (g) Corporate Planning.
- 3. Answer any four questions from the following: $5\times 4=20$
 - (a) State the characteristics of a good plan.
 - (b) "Co-ordination is the essence of management". Explain.

- State the advantages of Functional Organisation.
- How can delegation be made effective?
- Is management a profession? Give reasons for your answer.
- State the importance of motivation.
- Distinguish between: (any two) $8 \times 2 = 16$
 - (a) Programmed Decision and Non-Programmed Decision.
 - Authority and Responsibility.
 - Strategic and Operational Planning.
 - Autocratic Style Leader and Democratic Style Leader.
- What is meant by Span of Management? What factors influence the span?

roll State the characteristics of a good plan What is Decision Making? Explain the important steps to be taken in a decision making process.

What is Motivation? Describe the nature of motivation. Mention any two techniques of increasing motivation.

Or

"Planning is a dynamic process". Explain. State three merits and three demerits of planning.

What do you understand by "Directing"? State the basic principles of effective directions.

Or

What is Benchmarking? State three advantages and three disadvantages of Benchmarking.