## 2014

## PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

Paper: 1.4

Full Marks: 80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1.	(A)	Fill	in the gaps with appropriate words: $1 \times 5 = 5$
,an		(i)	Fayol classified all industrial activities into groups.
		(ii)	was the pioneer of human relations movement.
		(iii)	Line organisation representsrelationship.
		(iv)	Delegation grants to subordinates.
		(v)	Planning is an process.

- Find out the correct answer:
  - Organisation deals with
    - Centralisation of activities
    - Decentralisation of activities
    - (iii) Division of work
  - Delegation creates
    - new work
    - Obligation
    - (iii) new levels of management.
- State whether true or false: (any three)
  - Centralisation helps in division work.
  - Budgetary control is a system of controlling costs.
  - (iii) Organisation involves division of work
  - (iv) Authority can not be delegated.
  - Bureaucratic Model was developed by Elton Mayo.
- Explain any five in brief:

2×5=10

- Organisation chart
- (b) Unity of Direction
- Scalar Chain. (c)
- Morale

- Globalisation
- Zero-Base Budgeting
- Budget Committee

Answer any four questions from the following:

- State the importance of motivation. (a)
- How can delegation be made effective?
- State the advantages of functional (b) (c) organisation.
- Explain levels of Management.
- State the advantages of Benchmarking.
- Why human resource management is (e) essential for an organisation?  $.8 \times 2 = 16$

Distinguish between: (any two)

- Programmed Decisions and Non-Programmed Decisions. (a)
- Formal and Informal Organisation (b)
- Delegation and Decentralisation
- Autocratic Style Leader and Democratic Style (c) (d) Leader.

Answer any three questions from the following:

(i) What is Management?

- (ii) Is management a science?
- (iii) State the importance of Management.
- (b) (i) What is Decision Making?
  - (ii) What is Group Decision-Making?
  - (iii) State the advantages and disadvantages of Group Decision Making.
- (c) (i) What is Planning?
  - (ii) What is Strategic Planning?
  - (iii) State the advantages and disadvantages of planning.
- (d) (i) What is Motivation?
  - (ii) What is the meaning of positive and negative motivation?
  - (iii) Describe Maslow's need hierarchy theory of motivation.
- (e) (i) What is Departmental Line Organisation?
  - (ii) What is meant by Line & Staff Organisation?
  - (iii) State the advantages of Line & Staff Organisation.
- (f) (i) What is Controlling?
  - (ii) What is Budgetary Control?
  - (iii) State the advantages of Budgetary Control.