2013

BUSINESS LAWS

Paper: 4.5

Full Marks: 80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1.	Fill in the blanks: $1 \times 5 = 5$	
	(a)	A contract of insurance is a contract of
men AC	(b)	The Indian Partnership Act was passed in the year ———.
	(c)	A cheque is a bill of exchange drawn on a specified banker payable only on ———.
	(d)	Section — of the Companies Act, 1956 makes a promoter criminally liable for the issue of prospectus containing false statements.
		Contd.

- Section 34(2) of the Companies Act, 1956 states that an incorporated company has - succession.
- State whether the following statements are true or false: $1 \times 5 = 5$
 - A contract may be bilateral or unilateral.
 - A contract of guarantee not supported by consideration would be void.
 - A minor cannot be an agent.
 - Articles of Association are subordinate to and controlled by the Memorandum.
 - A company is not a citizen.
- Answer the following questions: $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - (a) State two duties of an agent.
 - Mention two legal liabilities of a promoter.
 - Define 'Bill of Exchange' under section 5 of the Negotiable Instruments Act.
 - What is mean by Business Laws?
 - What is Agreement to Sale?

Answer any five of the following questions: he object clause he alread ? What is the significance of business law in India? Define Public Company. (b) Mention five essential characteristics of a (c) company. Define Promoter. What is his importance in the formation of a company? What is mean by Discharge of Contract? (f) Explain the essentials of Contract of Sale. rei. Eladornia die procesime for miganoni Answer any five of the following questions:

- $8 \times 5 = 40$
 - Explain the term indemnity and guarantee. 4+4=8
 - Define Promissory Note and Bill of Exchange. Also, state the differences between the both.

- (c) What do you mean by Object Clause the object clause be altered? Discuss a doctrine of ultra vires. 2+2-4
- (d) Define Partnership. Discuss the rights and liabilities of a partner. Can a minor be a partner? If yes, can he be subjected to same liabilities?

 1+4+1½+1½=8
- (e) What is Negotiable Instrument? What do you understand by dishonour of cheque? Elaborate. 3+5=8
- (f) Define Sale. Mention two differences between Contract of Sale and Agreement of Sale. What are the remedies available for the breach of Contract of Sale? 1+2+5=8
- (g) Elaborate the procedure for formation of company. Mention the importance of two legal documents for the formation of a company.

 5+3=8