

Roll No:

The Assam Royal Global University, Guwahati

Royal School of Biosciences

M. Sc. Biotechnology, 2nd Semester Semester End Examination, June 2023

> Course Title: Cell Biology Course Code: BTC154C202

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt all questions as per instructions given.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Section - A

1. Attempt all questions. (Maximum word limit 50)

2 x 8

- a. What is the most common method for disruption of cells?
- b. What is endocytosis?
- c. What are cell surface receptors? Give examples.
- d. What are the different types of linked receptors?
- e. State the functions of microtubules.
- f. Mention the role of Go phase in cell cycle.
- g. Mention the name of the hormone which is responsible for growth.
- h. What do you understand by induced pluripotent stem cells?

Section - B

2. Attempt any two of the following:

6x2

- a. If the lysosome of a cell was dysfunctional, what would be the potential effect on the cell? Discuss.
- b. What is cell membrane? Explain the chemical components present in the cell membrane.
- c. What are the secretory vesicles? Explain how vesicle is formed from endoplasmic reticulum.

3. Attempt any two of the following:

7x2

- a. Explain the different types of receptors in cell signaling. How do receptors influence cell signaling?
- b. Discuss briefly how different types of macromolecules are transported across the plasma membrane.
- c. How protein targeting and translocation occurs after the synthesis of protein? Discuss.

4. Attempt any two of the following:

7x2

- a. What are proto-oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes? Explain how they contribute to cancer development.
- b. After a retrovirus that does not carry an oncogene infects a particular cell, northen blots indicate that the amount of mRNAs transcribed from a particular proto-oncogene became elevated approximately 15 fold compared with uninfected control cells. Propose a hypothesis to explain the result.
- c. In what ways can proto-oncogenes be converted to oncogenes with an emphasis on the cellular action and basis for oncogenicity through chromosomal translocation?

5. Attempt any two of the following:

7x2

- a. What are 'Stem Cells'? Mention the advantages and disadvantages of using of stem cells?
- b. Elaborate the concept of adult stem cells. Briefly explain the different types of embryonic stem cells.
- c. Define differentiation. Mention the major events during cell differentiation.