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**The Assam Royal Global University, Guwahati**  
**Royal School of Environmental and Earth Sciences**  
**M.Sc. Geology, 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester**  
**Semester End Examination, January 2023**  
**Course Title: REMOTE SENSING AND GIS**  
**Course Code: GEOL164D302**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 70**

**Note: Attempt all questions as per instructions given.**  
*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.*

**Section – A**

1. Attempt **all** questions. (Maximum word limit 50) 2 x 8
- a. Distinguish between active and passive sensors.
  - b. What is meant by resolution in Remote Sensing?
  - c. Distinguish between small scale and large-scale aerial photograph.
  - d. Define DEM and DTM.
  - e. Differentiate between LiDAR and SAR.
  - f. What is the concept of Thermal Remote Sensing?
  - g. What is a False Colour Composite (FCC) Image?
  - h. What are the different segments of GPS?

**Section – B**

2. Attempt **any two** of the following: 6 x 2
- a. Explain the functioning of remote sensing in collecting information about the earth's surface.
  - b. Discuss the different platforms in remote sensing with suitable examples.
  - c. Compare and contrast between aerial photographs and satellite images.
3. Attempt **any two** of the following: 7 x 2
- a. Explain the visual technique of image interpretation and mention its merits and demerits.
  - b. Discuss the geometry of vertical aerial photograph and explain the impact of relief displacement in an aerial photograph.
  - c. Illustrate the advantages of digital photogrammetry over traditional optical photogrammetry.
4. Attempt **any two** of the following: 7 x 2
- a. Elaborate the principle of SLAR system. Explain the advantages of using SLAR.
  - b. Explain the characteristics of thermal image. Illustrate the advantage of using thermal remote sensing.
  - c. Illustrate how will you interpret geological information from RADAR image.
5. Attempt **any two** of the following: 7 x 2
- a. Describe the different components of geoinformatics and their functioning.
  - b. Explain the nature and characteristics of raster and vector data structures in GIS with necessary examples.
  - c. Illustrate the application of image processing methods.