The Assam Royal Global University, Guwahati

Royal School of Applied & Pure Sciences B.Sc. (Generic III) 2nd Semester Semester End Examination, July 2022 Course Title: Electricity and Magnetism Course Code: PHY012G201

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt all questions as per instructions given

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Section - A

Q.1. Answer all questions (Each question carry equal marks)

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

- a) Why is the armature of a generator wound over a soft iron core?
- b) How do you define time constant of R-L circuit?
- c) State Coulomb's law in electrostatics.
- d) What are dielectrics materials?
- e) Define relative permeability.
- f) What is intensity of magnetisation?
- g) What is right hand thumb rule?
- h) What is magnetic field?

Section - B

Q.2 Answer any two of the following

 $6 \times 2 = 12$

- a) Obtain an expression for the instantaneous current during growth and decay in an L-R circuit.
- b) Explain the process of generating alternating current using A.C generator.
- c) Discuss the difference of phase between E and i when the circuit contains pure inductance.

Q.3 Answer any two of the following

 $7 \times 2 = 14$

- a) By applying Gauss's theorem, obtain the strength of electric field due to spherically symmetric charge distribution at a point situated, (i) outside the charge distribution and (ii) inside the charge distribution.
- b) What do you mean by dielectric susceptibility? Establish the relation between dielectric constant and susceptibility.
- c) Obtain the necessary boundary conditions in electrostatics.

Q.4 Answer any two of the following

 $7 \times 2 = 14$

- a) Obtain the expression for magnetic field due to dipole on the axis of the bar magnet.
- b) Explain the Hysteresis loop.
- c) Discuss the properties of dia, para and ferromagnetic substances.

Q.5 Answer any two of the following

 $7 \times 2 = 14$

- a) State Biot-Savart's law. How can it be used to determine the field due to a long straight conductor?
- b) Give the theory and working of a ballistic galvanometer.
- c) A closely wound flat circular coil of 25 turns of wire diameter 0.10 m and carries 4 ampere. Determine the flux density at the centre of a coil.
