



Total No. of printed pages = 2

**SUBJECT CODE = MEE024102**

Roll No. of candidate

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**2017**

**End Semester M.TECH. (Thermal & Fluid Engineering) Examination**

**1<sup>st</sup> Semester**

**ADVANCED THERMODYNAMICS**

Full Marks- 70

Pass marks- 21

Time- 3 hours

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*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

**PART-A**

*Answer all questions*

**Q.1.**

**(1 x 16=16)**

- a. Write the expression for Steady Flow Energy Equation.
- b. Write the Gibbs equation for a closed systems
- c. Write the expression for Clapeyron Equation.
- d. Write the expression for second-law efficiency.
- e. What is the number of molecules in one kgmol of a gas?
- f. Write the expression of root-mean-square velocity of molecules in an ideal gas.
- g. How many degrees of freedom does a diatomic molecules have?
- h. Write the expression for Universal Gas Constant in terms of the specific heats.
- i. Define mean free path of a molecule.
- j. Write an expression for the collision cross-section.
- k. What is the Van der Waals equation of state for a real gas?
- l. Name two irreversible processes.
- m. Write the exergy balance for steady flow process.
- n. Name the working fluids used in binary vapour cycle.
- o. In fuel cells which two elements are used?
- p. In thermo-electric generator what phenomena are applied?

**PART-B**

*Answer all questions*

**Q.2.**

**(3.5 x 4 = 14)**

- a. Explain the Joule Thompson Effect.
- b. State the assumptions for the molecular model of an ideal gas.
- c. Explain the Onsager equations.
- d. What is co-generation and how is it more efficient.

### PART-C

Answer all questions

**Q.3.**

- a. (i) Derive expressions for the Maxwell Relations. (5)  
(ii) Explain the phase transition processes of water with the help of a phase diagram on  $p$ - $T$  coordinates. (5)

**OR**

- b. (i) Define exergy. (2)  
(ii) Calculate the decrease in exergy when 25kg of water at 95°C mix with 35kg of water at 35°C, the pressure being taken as constant and the temperature of the surrounding being 15°C ( $c_p$  of water = 4.2 kJ/kg K). (8)

**Q.4.**

- a. Using kinetic theory of gases, derive an expression for the pressure of an ideal gas. (10)

**OR**

- b. A cylinder containing hydrogen at 400 K & 1 atm. is placed in an evacuated chamber. If a hole of area 0.03mm<sup>2</sup> is made in the cylinder. Calculate the number of molecules leaking through the hole per second. Take the average velocity of the molecules as 0.725 of the rms. speed. (10)

**Q.5.**

- a. Derive the equation for the corrected mean free path of a molecule in terms of diameter of molecule, pressure and temperature of the gas. (10)

**OR**

- b. Derive the equation for the entropy production in a copper rod in which both heat and electric current are flowing. (10)

**Q.6.**

- a. Steam enters a turbine steadily at 3MPa and 450°C at a rate of 10 kg/s and exits at 0.2MPa and 150°C. The steam is losing heat a rate of 400 kW to the surrounding air which at 0.1MPa and 25°C. Determine (i) energy efficiency and (ii) exergy efficiency of the turbine. (10)

Pressure (MPa)	Temperature (°C)	Enthalpy (kJ/kg)	Entropy (kJ/kgK)
3.0	450	3344.9	7.0856
0.2	150	2769.1	7.2810
0.1	25	104.8	0.3672

**OR**

- b. Describe any two of following direct energy conversion systems (5+5=10)  
(i) Fuel cells (ii) Thermo-ionic  
(iii) Magneto hydrodynamic (iv) Photovoltaic cells